Analysis of Expressive Utterances on Social Media of BBM Update Statuses

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ABSTRACT
This research aims to describe the linguistic form of expressive utterance and describe the intentions of expressive utterance in status updates on social media Blackberry Messanger (BBM) used by students of STKIP PGRI Tulungagung. It is descriptive qualitative research which the writer uses documentation and observation method as the method of collecting data. There are 20 data of expressive utterance. There are seven kinds of expressive utterance from fifty data found in status update BBM. They are word, verb phrase, adjective phrase, noun phrase, declarative sentence, imperative sentence, and exclamatory sentence. The types of expressive utterance found in status update on BBM dominated by declarative sentence. The intention of expressive utterance are yearning, anger expression, welcoming, congratulating, tiredness, hoping, happiness, love, thanking, sadness, sorrow, worrying, like, dislike, apologizing, pleasure, shock, and longing.

Key word: expressive utterance, status, Blackberry Messanger

INTRODUCTION
Humans use language to express inner thoughts and emotions. Language is a tool to communicate and to formulate humans intent, with communication, people can express all that their feel, protest, thank, apologize, promise and express their think and know to others.

An action performed via utterances is generally called speech acts. Kreidler (1998: 26) states that an utterance is “an act of speech or writing; it is a specific event at a particular time and place and involving at least one person, the one who produces the utterance, but usually more than one person”. The form of the utterance can be in the form of word, phrase, clause and sentence. Speech acts are acts of communication. Speech act can be analyzed on three levels, the locution (the actual or literal meaning of the utterance), the illocution (the meaning intended by the speaker), and the last is perlocution (the effect of those words on the hearer). Every utterance both spoken and written is speech act of human. One of the human communication ways in social media website is by writing statuses on BBM. The statuses are human speech acts under writing. Humans use language to express inner thoughts and emotions.
Language is a tool to communicate and to formulate humans intent, with communication, people can express all that their feel, protest, thank, apologize, promise and express their think and know to others. Crystal (2000: 212) defines “language as the systematic conventional use of sound, sign, or written symbol in human society for communication and self-expression”. It means humans can express what their feeling or thinking through utterances which is an expressive utterance. According to Searle (in Levinson, 1983: 240) expressive utterances are utterance used to express a psychological state. Paradigm cases include, for instance, ‘thanking’, ‘apologizing’, ‘welcoming’.

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The statuses are human speech acts under writing. Yule (1996: 53) says that expressive are those kinds of speech acts that state what the speaker feels, for instance thanking, pleasure, displeasure, apology, codolance, pain, like, dislike, joy, sorrow and so on. Pragmatics is the study to understand another speaker’s intended meaning related to the context. Mey (2001: 175) propose that “Pragmatics is the study of humans communicatively using language in the context of society.” Leech (in Peccei, 1999:7) states that “pragmatics can be usefully defined as the study of how utterances have meanings in situation”. From the definition, the writer summarizes that the main point of pragmatics is the study to understand another speaker’s intended meaning related to the context.

Status For BBM is a great way to get a lot of attention without having to reveal personal information about you feelings or activities; something many people don’t feel comfortable with.
They are also not hard to come up with. They can be funny comments about news events, sports, funny quotes, or just clever twists on things that happen in everyday life. Here are some examples of some different Good BBM Status that you can use to brighten your social networking community’s day.

**Statement of the Problem**

What are kind of expressive utterance update statutes on BBM made by the students of STKIP PGRI Tulungagung?

**Objective on the Research**

To find some expressive utterances in the status BBM made by the students of STKIP PGRI Tulungagung.

**RESEACH METHOD**

The writer uses observation and documentation to collect the data. The type of this study is descriptive qualitative. The descriptive qualitative research means a type of research in which it does not include any calculation or enumeration (Moleong, 2004: 11) The object of the study is expressive utterance on Black Barry Messanger (BBM) statuses update used by students sekolah Tinggi Keguruan dan Ilmu pendidikan (STKIP) PGRI Tulungagung. The data of this research are written utterances made by students of English Department in Sekolah tinggi keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (STKIP) PGRI Tulungagung. The data source of this research from statues of Blackberry Messanger account Anis Tijee.

**RESEARCH FINDING AND DISCUSSION**

The writer analyzes the linguistic form of expressive utterance by using the theory of Morley and Frank. There are five expressive utterances, they are: word, phrase, declarative, imperative, exclamatory sentences. In her research, the writer found five forms of expressive utterance. There is no expressive utterance found in the status update that show subordinate phrase, genitive phrase, clause and interrogative sentence. So, in the finding in her research is different with theory that recognized by Morley (2000) and Frank (1972). In her research the writer only found four of phrase, three of sentence and in the theory there are seven forms of phrase and four forms of sentence.
There are seven kinds of linguistic form of expressive utterance found in status update on BBM. The linguistic form are word, noun phrase, verb phrase, adjective phrase, declarative sentence, imperative sentence, and exclamatory sentence. Based on the table above the writer finds that the most of expressive utterances of status update on twitter are in the form of declarative sentence. There are seven kinds of expressive utterance from fifteen data found in status update on Blackberry Messenger. They are word, verb phrase, adjective phrase, noun phrase, declarative sentence, imperative sentence, and exclamatory sentence. According to the theory from Searle (1976), he recognizes five types of general basic kinds of speech acts: declarative, representative, expressive, commissive and directive. He identifies five categories of speech act based on the intention assigned to them: declarative (excommunicating, declaring, war, christening, firing from employment) representative (asserting, concluding), expressive (thanking, apologizing, welcoming and congratulating), commissive (promising, threatening, offering), and directive (requesting, questioning, commanding, suggestion). So, in her research, the finding is different with the theory from Searle (1976). The result of findings from the data of expressive utterance in the status update on media social twitter are expressing yearning feeling, expressing anger feeling, expressing welcoming, expressing congratulating, expressing tiredness, expressing hoping, expressing happiness, expressing love, expressing thanking, expressing sadness, expressing sorrow, expressing worrying, expressing like, expressing dislike, expressing condolence, expressing apologizing, expressing pleasure, expressing longing and expressing shock. While in the theory there are four expressive. The writer also analyzes the data of expressive utterance by using the theory from Austin (1983). The theory deals with locutionary act and illocutionary act which come from the user of BBM account.

The writer finds 19 types of expressive utterance, the intention of expressive utterance are yearning, anger expression, welcoming, congratulating, tiredness, hoping, happiness, love, thanking, sadness, sorrow, worrying, like, dislike, condolence, condolence, apologizing, pleasure, shock, and longing. The intention of expressive utterance mostly appear in yearning.

Below are the table of research finding which the writer used as a data source and analyzes the linguistics form of expressive utterance in the BBM status.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KINDS</th>
<th>SOURCE</th>
<th>UTTERANCES</th>
<th>ANALYSIS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Linguistic Form</strong></td>
<td><strong>NOUN PHRASE</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                            | Eka Nur / NP / Congratulating | Happy Mother’s day!!! My wonder Mom!!! | The datum is in the form of noun phrase. The core of this phrase is in the noun Mother’s day. The adjective happy as pre-modifier and noun phrase 
my wonder mom as post-modifier becomes the modifier of the whole phrase. Therefore, the datum is categorized into noun phrase. |
|                            | Robby Caem/NP/ Congratulating | Happy Birthday my beloved girl!!! | The datum is in the form of noun phrase. The core of this phrase is in the noun birthday. The adjective happy as pre-modifier and noun phrase
my beloved girl as post-modifier becomes the modifier of the whole phrase. Therefore, the datum is categorized into noun phrase. |
|                            | Danang Ragil/NP/ Congratulating | Happy Anniversary my beloved sister!!! | The datum is in the form of noun phrase. The core of this phrase is in the noun anniversary. The adjective happy as pre-modifier and noun phrase
my beloved sister as post-modifier becomes the modifier of the whole phrase. Therefore, the datum is categorized into noun phrase. |
|                            | Noviana/NP/ Congratulating | Happy Graduation my Best Friend | The datum is in the form of noun phrase. The core of this phrase is in the noun graduation. The adjective happy as pre-modifier and noun phrase
my best friend as post-modifier becomes the modifier of the whole phrase. Therefore, the datum is categorized into noun phrase. |
<p>| <strong>VERB PHRASE</strong>            | Ani Febri/VP/yarning     | Life goes on!!!        | The datum is in the form of verb phrase. The core of this phrase is the verb go. This phrase is modified by pre-modifier life and determiner on. Therefore the datum is categorized into verb phrase. |
|                            | Riatami/VP/yarning       | Long time no see!!!     | The datum is in the form of verb phrase. The core of this phrase is the verb see. This phrase is modified by pre-modifier long time and determiner no. Therefore the |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phrase Type</th>
<th>Datum</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADJECTIVE PHRASE</td>
<td>Lucky/AP/happiness</td>
<td>Our sweet moment!! The form of the datum is categorized into adjective phrase. It is so because the core of this phrase is the adjective phrase <em>sweet</em>. Then, this determiner is <em>our</em>. Therefore, this datum is categorized into adjective phrase.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rio Hariyanto/AP/love</td>
<td>The beautiful girl!! The form of the datum is categorized into adjective phrase. It is so because the core of this phrase is the adjective phrase <em>beautiful</em>. Then, this determiner is <em>the</em>. Therefore, this datum is categorized into adjective phrase.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wulan/AP/love</td>
<td>The handsome boy!!! The form of the datum is categorized into adjective phrase. It is so because the core of this phrase is the adjective phrase <em>handsome</em>. Then, this determiner is <em>the</em>. Therefore, this datum is categorized into adjective phrase.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Declarative Sentence</td>
<td>afifvicky/DS/ happiness</td>
<td>We are the champion!! The datum is in the form of declarative sentence. It is so because the subject and the predicate of the sentence are in normal word order. It uses pronoun <em>we</em> as the subject, verb <em>are</em> as the predicate and <em>champion</em> as the object. Therefore, this datum is categorized into declarative sentence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>elyana/DS/happiness</td>
<td>We are the family!! The datum is in the form of declarative sentence. It is so because the subject and the predicate of the sentence are in normal word order. It uses pronoun <em>we</em> as the subject, verb <em>are</em> as the predicate and <em>family</em> as the object. Therefore, this datum is categorized into declarative sentence.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| | Ayu pratiwi/DS/happiness | They are twin boys!! The datum is in the form of declarative sentence. It is so because the subject and the predicate of the sentence are in normal word order. It uses
Based on data analysis, the writer analyzes expressive utterances which have different variations, namely: yearning, angry, welcoming, congratulating, tiredness, hoping, happiness, love, thanking, sadness, sorrow, worrying, like, dislike, condolence, apologizing, pleasure, and shock.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attention</th>
<th>Experssive Atterance</th>
<th>Hate you</th>
<th>Context : the status is written by Rina Puji on January 10th, 2017. She writes in her recent update of her account BBM. Locution : She said that she hate someone. Illocution : Based on the utterance above, the intention of Rina Puji is to show yearning feeling. It’s indicated by word “hate you”. She hates someone.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rina Puji/IS/yearning</td>
<td>Hate you !!!</td>
<td>Context : the status is written by Andi Totok on January 10th, 2017. He writes in her recent update of her account BBM. Locution : he said that he miss someone. Illocution : Based on the utterance above, the intention of Andi Totok is to show yearning.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andi Totok/IS/yearning</td>
<td>Miss you !!!</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis, the writers draw the following conclusions:

There are seven kinds of linguistic form of expressive utterance found I status update on BBM. The linguistic form are word, noun phrase, verb phrase, adjective phrase, declarative sentence, imperative sentence. Based on data analysis above, from the whole data, the writer finds 10 types of expressive utterance, the intention of expressive utterance are yearning, anger expression, welcoming, congratulating, tiredness, hoping, happiness, love, thanking, sadness, sorrow, worrying, like, dislike, condolence, apologizing, pleasure, shock, and longing. The intention of expressive utterance mostly appear in yearning. Total is 100% of expressive utterance. The writer found that the most intention is expression of yearning. This happened because the user of BBM liked to show yearning expression.

REFERENCES